



## Standard Aircraft Characteristics

# NAVY MODEL E-2C AIRCRAFT

(TITLE UNCLASSIFIED)

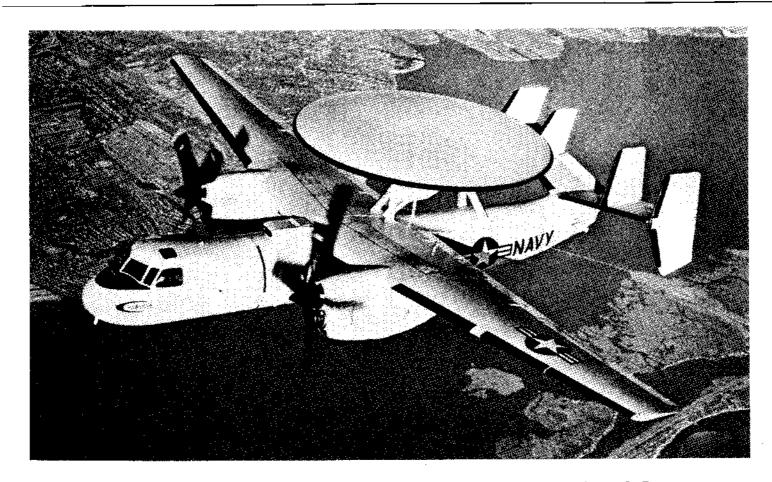
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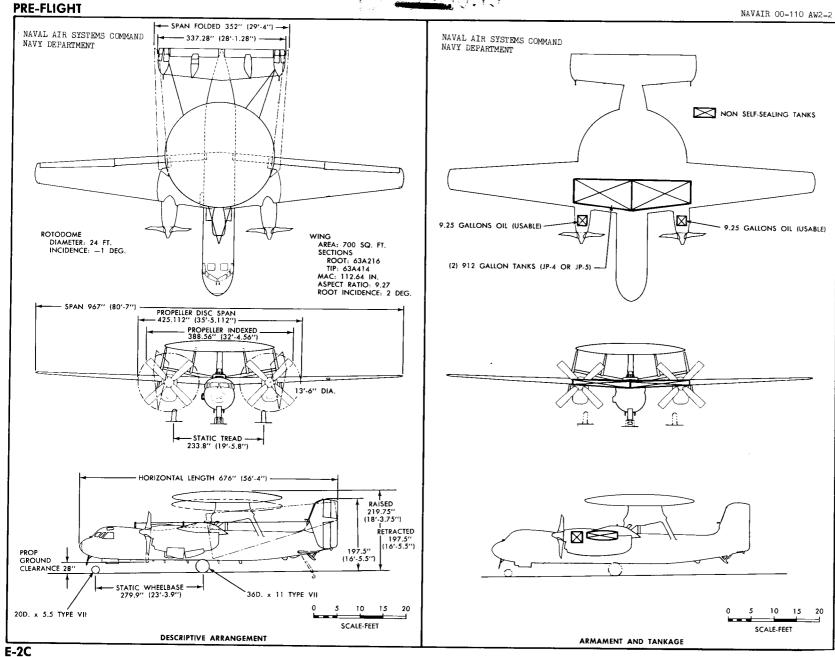


# STANDARD AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS

**E-2C HAWKEYE** 

GRUMMAN

E-2C



PRE-FLIGHT

POWER PLANT	MISSION AND DESCRIPTION	WEIGHTS		
Number & Model	The Grumman Hawkeye is an all-weather, carrier-bosed AEW/CIC airplane that patrols task force defense perimeters to provide early warning of approaching enemy aircraft and to vector interceptors into attack position. In addition to this primary AEW function, the Hawkeye can also provide strike and traffic control, area surveillance, search and rescue guidance, novigational assistance, and communications relay.  The E-2C features a new generation of avionics and a new equipment cooling system. A suit of avionics that offers both expanded capabilities and improved reliability/maintainability is being developed for packaging in the E-2 Hawkeye airframe using the latest techniques in microelectronics. Also under development is an equipment cooling system of greater capacity and an operational flexibility that will provide improved cooling during pre-launch operations.  Designed for a crew of five, the Hawkeye complement is: pilot, co-pilot, radar operator, air-control operator, and combat information center operator. The interior arrangement of the fully pressurized cobin facilitates the	LOADINGS		
Dated 2 November 1964	interchange of crew positions in an environment which is normally "mask- free". Specialized electronic equipment makes it feasible for three oper-	FUEL AND OIL		
TACTICAL Rotodome	maneuvering autopilot with both attitude and altitude hold modes as well as TACAN coupling. Precise holding of attitude and turn rate in wings-level turns is provided by the flat-turn mode.  Operable from all angle-deck CVA-19 and superior class carriers, the E-2 is catapulted with a nose-tow catapult system. Automatic wing-fold and rotodome lawering permit hangar deck servicing.  The Grumman Howkeye has a high wing and is powered by two 156-A-8/8A turboprop engines. The airplane may be easily identified by the 24-foot diameter rotodome and the four vertical tails. The rotodome, the inboard vertical tails, and the upper portions of the outboard vertical tails are of fiber glass construction. The flight controls are powered by	No. of TANKS GALS. (usable) LBS. (JP-5) LOCATION   2 Integral		
HF Voice Communications         AN/ARC-10           Intercommunication Set         AN/AIC-14		ORDNANCE		
NAVIGATION	First Flight (Estimated)   March 1971			
Heoding & Attitude Reference System AN/ASN-TACAN AN/ARN-UHF Automatic Direction Finder AN/ARA-Automatic Carrier Landing System (Mode II) AN/ASW-2: Radar Attimeter AN/APN-171 (  FLIGHT CONTROL & INSTRUMENTS Automatic Flight Control System AN/ASW-15 {  Cockpit Altimeters AAU-19/	Wing Span	None		



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PERFORMANCE SUMMARY									
TAKE-OFF LOADING CONDITION	1 SEARC Serv	-STATION CH MISSION ice Ceiling (A)	3 SEARCH MISSION 15,000 ft. (A)	ON-STATION SEARCH MISSION Sea Level (A)	AREA SEARCH MISSION Cruise Ceiling				
TAKE-OFF WEIGHT	<b>b</b> . 50	,920	50,920	50.920	50,920	50,920			
Fuel (JP-5)	b. 12	2,400	12,400	12,400	12,400	12,400			
Wing loading lb./sq.	H. 7	2.7	72.7	72.7	72.7	72.7			
	n. ç	1.5	91.5	91.5	91.5	91.5			
Take-off run at S.L. — 59°F day/90°F day ft./		)/1870	1590/1870	1590/1870	1590/1870	1590/1870			
Take-off to clear 50 ft. — 59°F day/90°F day ft./	t. 228	5/2660	2285/2660	2285/2660	2285/2660	2285/2660			
Maximum speed/altitude (B) kn./	1. 302/	10,000	302/10,000	302/10,000	302/10,000	302/10,000			
Rate of climb at S.L. (B) fpc	1. 2	515	2515	2515	2515	2515			
Time: S.L. to 20,000 ft. (B) (C) mi	1.	13	13	13	13	13			
Time: S.L. to service ceiling (B) (C) mi	1. 3	3.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	33.5			
Service ceiling (100 fpm.) (B)	t. 28	,800	28,800	28,800	28,800	28,800			
Combat radius/mission time n. mi./h	r. 200	/5.68	200/5.66	200/5.01	200/5.85	20,000			
Station altitude(s) initial/final	1. 22,500	/27,600	15,000	Sea Level	24,500/29,500				
Average cruising speed k	1. 2	68	234	213	268				
Cruising altitudes initial/final	27,100	/33,100	15,000/33,100	Sea Level/33,100	27,100/33,100	27,100/33,100			
Time on station/average search speed hr./k		2/237	3.98/192	3.20/151	4.21/250	27,100/33,100			
Range/mission time n. mi./h	r.	_	_	_	-	1525/5,78			
COMBAT LOADING CONDITION	2 60% FUEL	2A 60% FUEL	4 60% FUEL	6 60% FUEL	8 60% FUEL	10			
COMBAT WEIGHT	. 45,960	45,960	45,960	45,960	45,960				
Engine power	Normal	Military	Military	Military	Military	_			
Fuel (JP-5)	. 7440	7440	7440	7440	7440				
Combat speed/combat altitude kn./f	. 289/25,050	304/25,050	315/15,000	307/Sea Level	298/27,000				
Rate of climb/combat altitude fpm/f	640/25,050	840/25,050	1825/15,000	3290/Sea Level	650/27,000				
Combat ceiling	. 26,500	28,600	28,600	28,600	28,600				
Rate of climb at S.L. fpm	. 2930	3290	3290	3290	3290				
Maximum speed at S.L. kr	. 291	306	306	306	306				
Maximum speed/altitude kn./f	. 305/11,500	315/13,500	315/13,500	315/13,500	315/13,500				
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LANDING WEIGHT		756	39,756	39,756	39,756	39,756			
Fuel (JP-5)			1235	1235	1235	1235			
Stall speed — flight idle/approach power kn./kr	. 81/	71	81/71	81/71	81/71	81/71			
Landing distance — ground roll/over 50 ft. obst. ft./fi	1250/	2230	1250/2230	1250/2230	1250/2230	1250/2230			

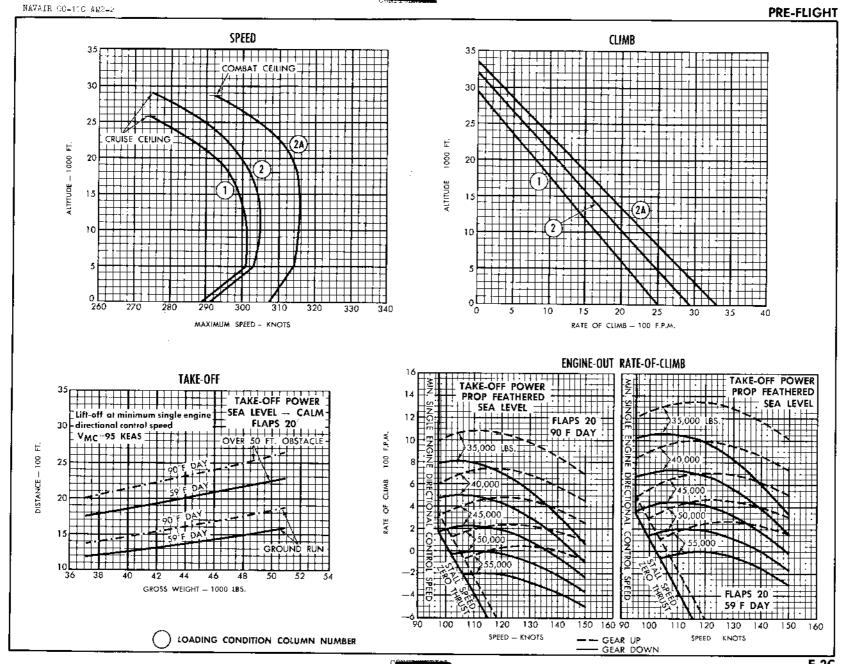
## **NOTES**

PERFORMANCE BASIS: Calculated data based on flight test results from the performance demonstration of the E-2A airplane, adjusted for estimated E-2C drag increments, and calibrated engine data with no increase in fuel consumption.

- (A) See Mission Profiles page.
- (B) Normal power.
- (C) Take-off gross weight minus fuel for warm-up, taxi, take-off, and climb.

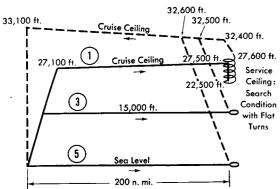
SPOTTING: A total of 47 airplanes can be accommodated on the flight and hangar decks of a CVA-19 class angled deck carrier.

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### MISSION PROFILES

#### ON-STATION SEARCH MISSION



Warm-up, taxi, take-off: 5 minutes with normal power at sea level.

Climb on course to cruise-out altitude with normal power.

Cruise at speed for maximum range at cruise-out altitude to total distance of 200 nautical miles from base.

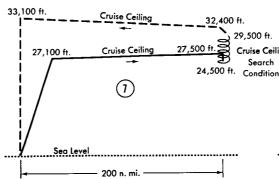
On-station in search condition (10° flaps, at speed for 3° radar attitude) at station altitude. Hold on station in a 50 nautical mile race track pattern using 0.6 degrees per second flat turns.

Climb back to best cruise altitude with normal power.

Cruise at speed for maximum range at best cruise altitude to base

Fuel allowance for reserve is 5 per cent of initial fuel and fuel required for twenty minutes at speed for maximum endurance at sea level.

#### AREA SEARCH MISSION



Warm-up, taxi, take-off: 5 minutes with normal power at sea level.

Climb on course to best cruise altitude with normal power.

Cruise at speed for maximum range at best cruise altitude to total distance of 200 nautical miles from base.

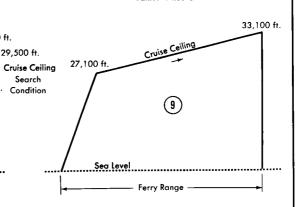
Area surveillance in search condition (10° flaps, at speed for 3° radar attitude) at cruise ceiling. No flat turning.

Climb back to best cruise altitude with normal power.

Cruise at speed for maximum range at best cruise altitude to base.

Fuel allowance for reserve is 5 per cent of initial fuel and fuel required for twenty minutes at speed for maximum endurance at sea level.

#### FERRY MISSION



Warm-up, taxi, take-off: 5 minutes with normal power at sea level.

Climb on course to best cruise altitude with normal power.

Cruise at speed for maximum range at best cruise altitude

Fuel allowance for reserve is 5 per cent of initial fuel and fuel required for twenty minutes at speed for maximum endurance at sea level.

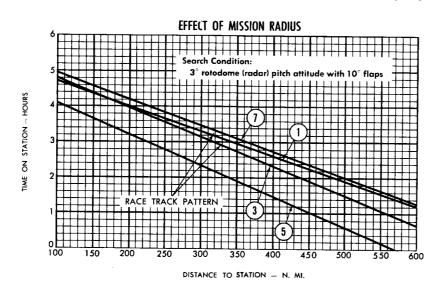


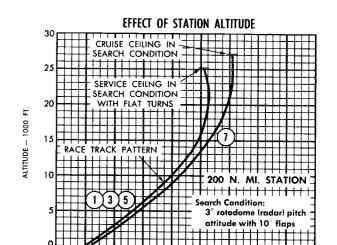
LOADING CONDITION COLUMN NUMBER



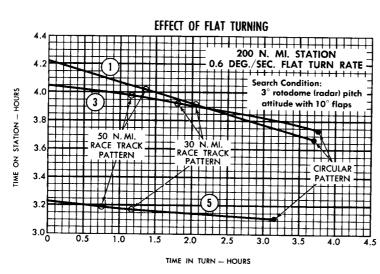
### SEARCH TIME ON STATION

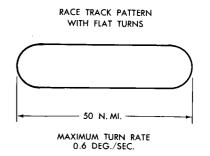
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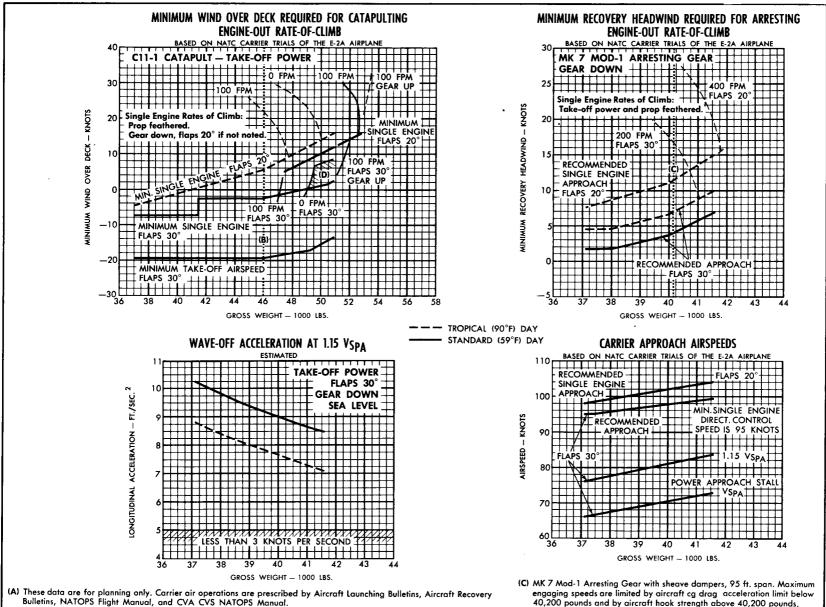
TIME ON STATION - HOURS





LOADING CONDITION COLUMN NUMBER

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tow link load limit above 46,000 pounds.

(B) C11-1 Catapult. Maximum endspeeds are limited by aircraft cg drag acceleration limit below 46,000 pounds and nose

(D) Single engine flight in this region incurs sink rates with full power while

on the back side of the speed-power required curve.